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THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

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BY B. F. MEYERS,

At the following terms, to wit:

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RATES OF CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements will be inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square of ten lines for three insertions or less, but for every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per square will be charged in addition.—Table and figure work double price. Auditor's notices ten lines and under, $1.00; upwards of ten lines and under fifteen $1.50. Liberal reductions made to persons advertising by the year.

Popular Song.

KITTY CLYDE.

Oh, who has not seen Kitty Clyde?
She lives at the foot of the hill
In a sly little nook,
By the babbling brook
That carries her father's old mill.
Oh, who does not know Kitty Clyde,
That sunny-eyed rosy-cheeked lass,
With a sweet dimpled chin,
That looks roguish as sin,
With always a smile as you pass.

Chorus:
Sweet Kitty, dear Kitty,
My own sweet Kitty Clyde,
In a sly little nook,
By the clear babbling brook
Lives my own sweet Kitty Clyde.

With a basket to put in her fish,
Ev'ry morning with a line and a hook,
This sweet little lass,
Through the tall heavy grass
Steals along by the clear running brook;
She throws her line into the stream,
And trips it along by the brook side.
Oh, how I do wish
That I was a fish
To be caught by sweet Kitty Clyde.
Sweet Kitty, &c.

How I wish that I was a bee,
I'd not gather honey from flowers;
But would steal a dear sip
From Kitty's sweet lip,
And make my own hive in her bowers;
Or if I was some little bird,
I would not build nests in the air,
But keep close by the side
Of sweet Kitty Clyde,
And sleep in her soft silken hair.
Sweet Kitty, &c.

ARTEMUS WARD SEES THE PRINCE NAPOLEON.

Notwithstandin' I hain't writ much for the papers of late, nobody needn't flatter theirselves that the undersigned is ded. On the the contry, "I still live," which was spoken by Danvil Webster, who was a able man. Even the old-line whigs of Boston will admit *that*. Webster is ded now, howsever, and his mantle has probly fallen into the hands of some dealer in 2nd hand close, who can't sell it. Leastways nobody pears to be goin round wearin it to any particler extent, now days. The regiment of whom I was kurnel finerly concluded they was better adapted as Home Gards, which accounts for not hearin of me, ear this, where the bauls is the thickast and where the cannon doth roar. But as an an American citizen I shall never cease to admire the masterly advance our troops made on Washington from Bull Run, a short time ago. It was well dun. I spoke to my wife 'bout it at the time. My wife said it was well dun.

It having there4 bin detarmined to pertect Baldinsville at all hazuds and as there was no apprehensions of any immejit danger, I thought I would go orf on a pleasure tower. Accordingly I put on a clean Biled Shirt and started for Washington. I went there to see the Prints Napoleon, and not to see the place, which I will here take occasion to obsarve is about as uninteresting a locality as there is this side of J. Davis's futur home, if he ever does die, and where I reckon they'll make it so warm for him that he will si for his Summer close. It is easy enuff to see why a man goes to the poor house or the penitentiary. It's becaws he can't help it. But he should voluntorily go and live in Washington is entirely beyond my comprehension, and I can't say no fairer nor that.

I put up to a leadin hotel. I saw the landlord and sed, "How d'ye do, Square?"

"Fifty cents, sir," was the reply.

"Sir?"

"Half-a-dollar. We charge twenty-five cents for *lookin* at the landlord and fifty cents for speakin to him. If you want supper a boy will show you to the dinin room for twenty-five cents. Your room bein in the tenth story, it will cost you a dollar to be shown up thare."

"How much you ax a man for breathin in this equinomikal tavun?" sed I.

"Ten cents a Breth," was his reply.

Washington hotels is very reasonable in their charges. [B. B.—This is Sarkassum.]

I sent up my keerd to the Prints, and was immejitly ushered before him. He received me kindly and axed me to sit down.

"I have come to pay respects to you, Mister Napoleon, hopin I see you hale and harty."

"I am quite well," he sed. "Air you well, sir?"

"Sound as a cuss!" I answered.

He seemed to be pleased with my ways, and we entered into conversation to onc't.

"How's Lewis?" I axed, and he sed the Emperor was well. Eugeny was likewise well, he sed. Then I axed him was Lewis a good provider? Did he cum home arly nites? Did he perfoom her bedroom at a onseasonable hour with gin and tanzy? Did he go to the "Lodge of nites when there wasn't any Lodge?" Did he often go down town to meet a friend? Did he hav a extensiv acquaintance among poor young widders whose husbans was in Californy? To all which questions the Prints perlitely replide, givin me to understan that the Emperor was behavin well.

"I ax these questions, my loyal duke and most noble highness and imperials, because I'm anxious to know how he stands as a man. I know he's smart. He is cunnin, he is long-headed, he is deep—he is grate. But onless he is *good* he'll come down with a crash one of these days and the Bonyparts will be Bustid up agin. Bet yer life!"

"Air you a preacher, sir?" he inquired slitely sarkasticul.

"No, sir. But I bleeve in morality. I likewise bleeve in Meetin Houses. Show me a place where there isn't any Meetin Houses and where preachers is never seen, and I'll show you a place where old hats air stuffed into broken windows, where gates hav no hinges, where the wimin air slipshood, and where maps of the devil's 'wild land' air painted upon men's shirt-bosums with tobacco jooce! That's what I'll show you. Let us consider what the preachers do for us before we aboose 'em."

He sed he didn't mean to aboose the clergy. Not at all, and he was happy that I was interested in the Bonypart family.

"It's a grate family," sed I. "But they scooped the old man in."

"How, sir?"

"Napoleon the Grand. The Britishers scooped him at Waterloo. He wanted to do to much, and he did it! They scooped him in at Waterloo, and he subsequently died at St. Heleny! There's where the greatest military man this world ever produced pegged out. It was rather hard to consine such a man as him to St Heleny, to spend his larst days in catchin mackeril, and walkin up and down the dreary beach in a military cloak drawn titely around him, (see picter-books,) but so it was. 'Hed of the Army"! Them was his larst words. So he had bin. He was grate! Don't I wish we had a pair of his old boots to command sum of our Brigades!"

This pleased Jerome and he took me warmly by the hand.

"Alexander the Grate was pumpkins," I continnered, "but Napoleon was pumpkinser! Aleck wept becaws there was no more worlds to scoop, and then took to drinkin. He drownded his sorrers in the flowin bole, and the flowin bole was too much for him. It ginrally is. He undertook to giv a snake exhibition in his boots, but it killed him. That was a bad goak for Alick!"

"Since you are so solicitous about France, and the Emperor, may I ask you how your own country is getting along?" sed Jerome, in a pleasant voice.

"It's mixed," I sed. "But I think we shall cum out all right."

"Columbus, when he diskivered this magnificent continent, could hav no idee of the grandeur it would one day assoom," said the Prints.

It cost Columbus twenty thousand dollars to fit out his explorin expedition," sed I. "If he had bin a sensible man he'd hav put the money in a hoss railroad or a gas company, and left this magnificent continent to the intelligent savage, who when they get hold of a good thing know enuff to keep it, and who wouldn't hav seceded, nor rebelled, nor knockt Liberty in the heel with a slungshot. Columbus wasn't much of a feller, after all. It would hav bin money in my pocket if he'd staid to home. Christ ment well, but he put his foot in it when he saled for America."

We talked some more about mattears and things, and at last I riz to go. "I will now say good bye to you, noble sir, and good luck to you. Likewise the same to Clotildy. Also to the gorgeous persons which compose your soot. If the Emperor's boy don't like livin at the Tooleries, when he gets older, and would like to embark in the show bizniss, let him come to me and I'll make a man of him. You find us somewhat mixed, as I before observed, but come again next year and you'll find it clearner nor ever. The American Eagle has livd too sumptuously of late—his stummic becum foul, and he's now takin a slight emetic. That's all. We're getting ready to strike a big blow and a sure one. When we do strike the fur will fly and secession will be in the hands of the undertaker, sheeted for so deep a grave that nothin short of Gabriel's trombone will ever awakin it! Mind what I say. You've heard the showman."

Then advisin him to keep away from the Peter Funk auctions of the East, and the proprietors of corner lotts in the West, I bid him farewell, and went away.

There was a levee at senator What's-his-name's, and I thought I'd jine in the festivities for a spell. Who should I see but she that was Sarah Watkins, now the wife of our Congresser, trippin in the dance, dressed up in her store close. Sarah's father used to keep a little grosers store in our town, and she used to clerk it for him in busy times. I was rushin up to shake hands with her when she turned on her heel, and tossin her hed in a contemptuious manner, walked away from me very rapid.—"Hallo, Sal," I hollered, "can't you measure me a quart of them best melasses? I may want a codfish, also!" I guess this reminded her of the little red store, and "the days of her happy childhood!"

But I fell in with a nice little gal after that, who was much sweeter than Sally's father's melasses, and I axed her if we shouldn't glide in the messy dance. She sed we should, and so we Glode.

I intended to make this letter very seris, but a few goaks may have accidently crept in.—Never mind. Besides, I think it improves a komic paper to publish a goak once in a while.

Yours Muchly,
WARD, (ARTEMUS.)

What that Election Teaches.

The result of the late election satisfies us that the people of Pennsylvania, if the opportunity were given them, would to-day decide in favor of recalling the National Democratic party to the power from which, less than a year ago, it was driven by the triumph of a sectional political organization. Without a State candidate to unite upon, and with only the comparatively unimportant local interests of the several counties, to draw out the voters, the returns, taking either the Judicial or Legislative tickets as a basis, will show a large majority of the popular vote on the Democratic side. This indicates an extraordinary change in public sentiment since last November, when Mr. Lincoln carried the state by nearly sixty thousand; and can be ascribed to nothing else than a conviction in the minds of the people that they committed a grave error in taking the administration of the Federal Government out of the hands of the National Democracy; and that the surest and speediest way of bringing the war to a close and restoring the union to its former peaceful, prosperous and whole condition, will be through the restoration of that party to power. This returning sense of confidence in the nationality and administrative ability of the Democratic party, is not confined to those who are or have been its adherents; but is shared even by moderate Republicans—those who still cherish national feeling, and are opposed to perverting the war for the Union into a crusade for the abolition of slavery. The evidence is presented to us, in their voluntary union with Democrats in counties where they are ordinarily in the majority, in the choice of tickets made up of an equal number of candidates from each party.

The change of feeling in Pennsylvania, which the "sober second thought of the people" has quietly brought about, and which has found partial expression in the late election, will be made manifest in the political complexion of the House of Representatives at the next legislative session. With the 10 Democratic members elected on Union tickets, we shall have 54 members—a gain of 26 over last year. 11 Senators chosen this year, which gives us 10 in that body, where last year we had but 6. These results, however cheering in themselves, are grtifying chiefly for the encouragement they give for the future. We agree with the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union*, that it is a matter of comparativly little consequence whether we have a majority in the next House of Representatives, because political questions will not engage the attention of that body, and Democrats are as ready to furnish means for pushing this war to a successful conclusion, as their political opponents. In regard to the war, there is no vital difference of opinion sufficient to create a political issue—and in this respect it matters little which party has control of the Legislature. But there is a future before us.

The time may not be far distant when the destiny of this nation may depend upon the political position of Pennsylvania—when the leaders of the Republican party may be disposed in despair to abandon the country to the terrible fate of separation, and when nothing can save it from this calamity but the strong arm of the Democratic party, which in times past held the Union together in the powerful bonds of fraternity, and may again be called upon to save it from threatened disintegration. Always distinguished as a Union party, with sympathies as broad as the continent, eschewing sectionalism, bound by no geographical lines, entertaining no narrow or fanatical views, the Democratic party is the only political organization with principles broad enough to govern a country so diversified in interests institutions and opinions, as ours. Its downfall was followed by the attempted dismemberment of the Union. Its restoration to power will, we trust, be followed at no distant day by the restoration of the Union, firmer and stronger, and more glorious, for the firery trials through which it shall have passed.

Since the year 1858, the Democratic party has suffered defeat in this State. The Legislatures of 1859, 1860 and 1861, were over wheimingly Republican, and hardly contained a corporal's guard of Democratic members. The success of the Republican party at the Presidential election last year, seemed to give the finishing blow to the Democratic party; and its enemies vainly flattered themselves that it was humiliation for all time. But it has arisen from the dust of humiliation at the very time when they supposed that it was weakest, and least to be feared. Without patronage, to a great extent disorganized, falsely accused by its enemies of sympathizing with the Southern rebellion and treason, its leaders denounced and divided, its printing offices destroyed, its success bewailed as calculated to weaken the government and to encourage the rebels—in spite of these adverse circumstances and these torrents of calumny, the old patriotic Union Democratic party has achieved a great victory and confounded its slanderers.—*Reading Guzette.*

☞ Many men live miserably and meanly, just to die magnificently and rich.

He spake well who said that little graves are the footprints of angels.

No man can leave a better legacy to the world than a well-educated family.

Pride is the first weed to grow in the human heart, and the last to be eradicated.

The death-smile is the grandest thing in the world. It makes the dark past an arch of triumph into a radiant future.

A VOLUNTRER ON DESPERATE SERVICE.

Shortly after the battle of Carnifex Ferry, communication was cut off between the Federal camp at Elkwater and that at Cheat Mountain summit, the rebels holding possession of the road. It was necessary that communication should be re-established between Gen. Reynolds at the former place and Col. Kimbel at the latter. Several attempts had been made, but the messengers had been killed in every case. Four had already set out and had been picked off. The whole camp at Elkwater was in danger, and it was necessary to get word at the summit at once, and another young man volunteered, but he was never heard from after he left camp. The commanding officer then stated to his men their danger, and called upon some one to again volunteer to perform the task. Not a man responded in all camp, until at last one was found in Captain Loomis's Michigan battery.

Henry H. Norrington, of Detroit, offered to peril his life to save others. He started out and succeeded in eluding the enemy, crawling mile upon his knees with his messages rolled up and in his mouth ready to swallow in a moment if he was taken, and finally reached the friendly camp. He also had to return, and, after receiving his dispatches, set out in the night, the whole camp shaking hands with him never expecting to see him again. He traveled all night, guided by the North star, and the next day crawled as before, on his hands and knees. He finally struck the main road a few miles below Elkwater. Seeing one of the enemy's cavalry horses tied to a stake by the roadside, and the owner not visible, he crept up, cut the rope with his knife, and rode off in hot haste with several shots whizzing around him. He arrived safely in camp and delivered his dispatches, being the only survivor of six that had attempted the perilous task. As a reward for his bravery and daring, he was promoted in the company to be chief of a piece, and was placed upon the Commanding General's staff as Mounted Orderly. He was presented by the captain of his company with a sword, and by the General with an elegant revolver. He was greeted upon parade with nine cheers by the entire command, and his pay more than doubled. Besides this, favorable mention was made of the feat and the great service he had performed, in the official report forwarded the Department at Washington.

GENERAL PATTERSON.

speech delivered in Concert Hall, Philadephia, on Monday night a week, alluded to Gen. Patterson, and his recent campaign on the Upper Potomac in the following language:

"You have done right, fellow-citizens of Philadelphia, in giving those cheers for Gen. Patterson, (applause,) for I know that through him interested and prejudiced parties have endeavored to strike at the military reputation of the Irish race; and equally and sacredly do I know that, were it not for his own inviolable patriotism, which prefers private or public obloquy to anything which would detract from the credit or the strength of the Republic, that he has in his possession documents which would attest the efficacy of his military service. (Deafening applause.)

"When this war is over, assuredly it will be over, and that to the credit and supremacy of the United States, Gen. Patterson, at that time, will be able to do, what now, from motives of the purest though sacrificial patriotism, he declines to do. And until then, in the spirit of a loyal and devoted citizen, he prefers to incur suspicion rather than the Republic should take the slightest detriment."

This is good authority, and shows that General Patterson's conduct during the three months campaign, meets the approbation of military men of eminence, otherwise Meagher would not openly indorse him in this manner. We believe that when the truth is fully developed Gen. Patterson's campaign will only reflect credit upon him as a judicious and humane commander.

EFFECT OF CHARCOAL ON FLOWERS.

About a year ago I made a bargain for a rose bush of magnificent growth and full of buds. I waited for them to bloom, and expected roses worthy of such a noble plant, and of the praise bestowed upon it by the vender. At length, when it bloomed, all my hopes were blasted. The flowers were of a faded color, and I discovered that I had only a middling *Multiflora*-stale color enough. I therefore resolved to sacrifice it to some experiments which I had in view. My attention had been captivated with the effects of charcoal, as stated in some English publications. I then covered the earth in the pot in which my rosebush was, about half an inch deep, with pulverized charcoal. Some days after I was astonished to see the roses which bloomed of as fine a lively rose color as I could wish. I determined to repeat the experiment; and, therefore, when the rosebush had done flowering, I took off the charcol, and put fresh earth about the pots. You may conceive that I waited for next spring impatient to see the results of this experiment.

When it bloomed, the roses were as at first pale and discolored; but by applying the charcoal, as before, the roses soon resumed their rosy red color. I tried the powdered charcoal, likewise, in large quantities, upon my petunias, and found that both the white and violet flowers were equally sensible to its action. It always gave great vigor to the red or violet colors of the flowers, and the white petunias became coveeed with irregular spots of a bluish almost black tint. Many persons who admired them thought that they were new varieties from the seed. Yellow flowers are as I have proved insensible to the influence of the charcoal.—*Paris Horticultural Review.*

The Schoolmaster Abroad.

EDITED BY SIMON SYNTAX, ESQ.

☞Friends of education who wish to enlighten the public on the subject of teaching the "young idea how to shoot," are respectfully requested to send communications to the above, care of "Bedford Gazette."

SCHOOL ETHICS FOR PARENT AND CHILD.

No. 18.

To promote and preserve the harmony of the school as a whole, composed of individuals each having equal and undisputed rights, which must be preserved inviolate, the pupils will find devolving upon them *Duties to Each Other.*

They should be sociable. Circumstances sometimes unite to cause feelings of enmity and jealousy to exist among the pupils of a school. This is to be deplored, and should be corrected. Pupils must not recognize any distinction in knowledge, neither must they recognize wealth or poverty as a mark between each other; for, all are fellow human beings, all children of the same great family, whose home is this earth, whose sovereign and protector, God. We very often meet children who assume airs, haughty and aristocratic, from opinions given them perhaps by parents as stultified as themselves. They refuse to play with those who may be their inferiors in knowledge, and whom the stern mother poverty has reared in her hut of misery. Pupils should be made to forget such distinctions and act as if they were, for the time being, loving brothers and sisters. There are those again who naturally stand aloof from the many, thinking that they perhaps from some circumstances may not be welcome.—These should be made to feel differently, and be encouraged to join the merry and all be made to feel that none are their superiors in being. All should try to cultivate a spirit of friendship and love among themselves; for all their sociality devoid of both friendship and love, is a mere pretence and is not what is required of them as a duty. The heart speaking forth in cheerful words and however they may pretend to act, without having their feelings in accordance with their actions, a formal perhaps cold manner toward their associates, will be the result. It is indeed a pretty sight to see the pupils of a district school all engaging with whole soul in the same play, and all willing to recognize each other as equals; where pride, not of birth, wealth, nor knowledge, shall cause any one to stand aloof from his schoolmates. When strife and contention exist, the pleasure of both play and instruction will be sadly marred. There might be other reasons urged why the pupils should be sociable but it is unnecessary.

KAPPA.

GET READY.

Now that the schools of this county are about to be opened, we would say to the parents, children, teachers and directors, get ready, and prepare youselves properly, so that the machinery of the common schools may run on smoothly during this winter. Each of you has a work to do which if neglected, will be a clog in the way to success. Are you ready to assume the several responsible duties that are incumbent upon you in your several capacities; if not, it behooves you to get to work at once and have everything in readiness, so that your schools may become more interesting to all concerned.—Directors, have you got the school houses ready; have you them well cleansed and properly prepared for ventilation; have you everything ready that is necessary for the comfort and success of the teachers? If not, see to it at once, and neglect not the important duties of your office.—Parents, are you ready to do your part in the great work of education? Are you ready to take more interest in the training of the minds of your offspring; and have you made up your mind to cheer them on in their labors, by an occasional visit to the schoolroom this winter. Yours is a very responsible office, and it behooves you to see that you neglect none of its functions.—See that your children are supplied with proper implements in this warfare against ignorance and superstition, so that they may come out of the fight victorious, and be an honor to your name.

Teachers, are you prepared to enter upon the responsible duties of your calling? Have you devised new plans to enhance the interest of your profession, and the interests and welfare of those placed in your charge? Get ready to act well your part: do your utmost to make your teaching a complete success, the coming winter. In order to do this, solicit the aid and co-working of the parent, for the teacher and parent must co operate in the great work of expanding the mind of the rising generation.—Again we would say, parents, children, teachers and directors, get ready; "put your shoulders to the wheel, push on the column," and success will crown your efforts.

S. S.

☞ We have received a copy of "Clark's School Visitor; a Day School Paper for Teachers and School Children Everywhere," edited by Alex. Clark, and published by Daughaday and Hammond, Philadelphia. It is a very neat paper and just the thing we need in our common schools. Its editor is well known throughout the State as an earnest friend of education and common schools, and we should like to see the "Visitor" receive a good circulation among the school-loving children of this county. Teachers should constitute themselves agents for this excellent paper. It will not only be a welcome guest in the school room, but the family circle will be made pleasant by the perusal of its interesting pages. A copy can be seen at this office.

KILLED FOR THE THIRD TIME.

The telegraphic correspondents are killing the rebel general McCullough, for the third time. He does not seem to mind it; but persistence in such a repeated act of cruelty can only be excused by the loyalty which suggests it. Every distinguished rebel general seems to bear a "charmed life," like Macbeth, for every one has been killed by the newspaper correspondents, and yet every one flourishes at the head of his division. The only instance on record of vitality equal to this is that of the celebrated Torrejon, in the Mexican war, who was killed in every battle, but who bears the "deep damnation of his taking off" with remarkable equonimity, down to the present time, without seeming to be affected in his constitution or spirits. McCullough was in Mexico during that campaign, and probably acquired the art from Torrejon of surviving after his death, or what is more likely, the 'reliable gentleman" who usee to telegraph us such fatality to the Mexican hero may possibly be at the end of the telegraph line which runs to St. Louis, and may be exercisihg his old habit of tittilating the wires and the ears of the public with a sensation story.—*Phila. paper.*

THE WORD "SELAH."—The thoughtful reader of the Psalms can not have failed to ask himself what the word "Selah" means. It is a Hebrew word or sign, which the translators of the Bible have been forced to leave as they found it, from their ignorance or disagreements as to its correct signification. The Targum and most of the Jewish commentators give to the voice. The Vulgate forever. sign to elevate appears to have regarded it as a musical rythmical note. Herner regards it as indicating a change of tone; Matheson, as a musical note, equivalet, perhaps, to the word *repeat.* According to Luther, and others, it is equivalent to the exclamation *silence!* Gesenius says "Selah" means, "Let the instruments play and singer stop." Wocher regards it as equivalent to *sursum corda!* (up, my soul!) Sommer, after examining all the seventy four passages in which the word occurs, recognizes in every case "an actual appeal or summons to Jehovah; they are calls for aid, and prayer to be heard, expressed either whith entire directness, or, if not in the imperative 'Hear, Jehovah' and the like, still earnest address to God, that he would remember and hear," &c. The word itself, he regards as indicating a blast of trumpets by the priests. Selah, itself, he thinks is an abridg the sound of the stringed instrument, and Selah a vigorous blast of trumpets.

SAM. HOUSTON "SECESHES."—The Richmond *Enquirer* of Friday last, contains a letter from Sam Houston, dated September 18, which was written for the purpose of defining his position, and in answer to an article which he saw in the New York *Herald*, about the 15th or 16th of August, which states that General Houston has no sympathy with the rebellion. He says that previous to the act of secession by Texas, his opposition, to it was open and avowed; but since then he has changed his opinion, and is now with the South in all her movement. He declares that there is no Union sentiment in Texas, however strong it may have been at one time, and that "the Spartans were not more united in defence of their country and liberties than is Texas, united in support of the Southern Confederacy." It will then be seen, that old "San Jacinto" is in full conection with those who are seeking to break up the Government.

THE KING OF DAHOMEY'S AMAZON GUARDS.—Attached to the King of Dahomey's army there is a troop called "The Amazon Guards." *The African Herald* thus describes them:—The Amazon Guards, as they have sometimes been styled, are the most extraordinary troops that we have ever heard or read of. They are three thousand in number, all females, and display such a ferocious blood-thirstiness and hardihood as to bear a greater resemblance to a host of mad tigresses than to human creatures. They utterly despise death; they show no mercy to any living being in war; they are mad after blood, and seem not to know what fear means. They are, in fact, a troop of devils, so to speak, whose hideous wildness of manner, and the savage madness of whose demeanour, in times of excitement, are so appalling and inhuman, as to have led many well judging persons to opine that these dreadful creatures are periodically subjected to the influence of some species of drug which has its effect. The dress of the Amazons consists of a pair of loose trousers, an upper garment covering the breast and a cap. They are armed with a gun, knives, and daggers; some have blunderbusses others long elephant guns while the remainder carry the ordinary musket. In their military exercises they display good dicipline, as well as wonderful dexterity and agility.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

—BEDFORD, Pa.—

FRIDAY :::::::::: NOV., 1. 1861.

B. F. Meyers, Editor & Proprietor.

New Terms.

All Orphans' Court printing including Administrator's and Executor's notices, all Auditor's Notices, Prothonotary's printing, occasional advertisements, &c., must hereafter be paid for in advance.

Executors and Administrators owing us at present will please come forward and settle.

The Death of Fusion.

The success, at the recent election, of pure Democratic tickets, whereever such had been nominated, shows conclusively that the people will have nothing to do with the fusion of political parties and that they prefer the old and oft-tried Democratic organization to any combination or patch-work of party elements that can, under any pretence, be stitched together. Fusion is dead. The people have willed it and the great and terrible double-headed and many-winged monster is defunct. Greeley mourns and Forney sighs; Curtin bewails and Cameron laments. But the tax-payers, the men who furnish the bone and muscle of the State, are jubilant and joyous over the result. The Government contractor smiles sadly a bitter smile; the military stock-jobber moans in his troubled sleep over visions of the departed glory of speculations in shoddy and wooden shoe-soles; the Republican office-holder, in anxious wonderment, beholds the 'hand-writing on the wall,' and vainly endeavors to convince himself that it is all a dream. But the sovereigns of the Republic, the popular masses, the sufferers from the ruinous policy of a sectional, fanatical, reckless party, clap their hands for joy and make the welkin resound with their shouts of triumph. Fusion is dead. The political elephant that was to stamp into the earth the last vestige of Democracy, has packed up his trunk and left.—But "ye who have tears to shed, prepare to shed them now!" For not only is Fusion dead, but with it also died the monster from which its very life-blood was furnished. Black Republicanism has like-wise given up the ghost. The scourge of the North—the ignus fatuus that led statesmen and politicians astray—the bane of the Union—is destroyed. Let us be thankful for this happy result and hope [illegible] of our beloved and glorious country.

Mob Fanaticism Rebuked.

It will be remembered that, a few months ago, the office of the Easton *Sentinel*, a Democratic paper, was visited by an armed mob and destroyed. The apologists of the assumption of power by lawless bodies of men, gloated over this diabolical act, and even in Bedford county, there was found a newspaper mean and malicious enough to suggest that the fate of the *Sentinel* ought to be meted out to the *Gazette*. Well, the Democratic citizens of Northampton county, of which Easton is the seat of justice, met and nominated Col. Neiman, the mobbed editor of the *Sentinel*, for a seat in the Legislature. The election came off, and lo! the mobbed editor, Neiman, was chosen by a majority of 1200 over his Republican competitor!

About the same time that the Easton *Sentinel* office was sacked, the two Democratic offices at Allentown, Lehigh co., were threatened in a similar manner, and the Sheriff was compelled to call out a posse of several hundred men to keep the peace. Lehigh county last year gave 200 Democratic majority; but, behold the commentary of the people on Black Republican mob ocracy! this year Lehigh gives 1600 Democratic majority.

In our county of Bedford, a few Pharisees who never were true Union men and never will be as long as their accursed Abolition blood flows in their veins, also attempted to stir up riots. At one time they had a military camp infuriated against us; at another the populace in every part of the county were agog with the discussion of threats, plans, schemes and expeditions to destroy our office. And what was the verdict of the people? A Democratic majority of hundreds where last year Lincoln had several hundred majority.

Thus has mob fanaticism been rebuked. Thus have the wicked leaders of the Republican party, been foiled and defeated in their devilish schemes. Thanks be to the common sense of a discerning and virtuous people!

ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—The November number of this, the organ of American Literature, is on our table. During the past year contributions from the pens of the best writers in the language, have appeared in this work. Such authors as Nathaniel Hawthorne, H. W. Longfellow, J. R. Lowell, O. W. Holmes, and Mrs. H. B. Stowe are regular contributors to the Atlantic. The typographical execution of the book, is perfect. The Atlantic is the Blackwood of America and we should be proud of it as a representative of our national literature.—Persons wishing to subscribe, can see specimen numbers at this office, or will obtain them by addressing the publishers, Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, Boston, Mass.

Local and Miscellaneous.

....Fame is like an eel—rather hard to catch and a good deal harder to hold.

....Wm. Smith, the privateersman, has been convicted of piracy at Philadelphia.

....The tree of a good man's life has birds and blossoms and music and perfume among its boughs.

....The Courier, at Bowling Green, Ky., publishes Breckinridge's card, announcing his intention to resign the U. S. Senatorship.

....The Keystone State, which arrived at Philadelphia yesterday, has traveled 15,000 miles in search of the rebel steamer Sumter.

....The Boston *Courier* says the New York *Tribune* is black as jet one day, and the next, perhaps, bleaches into a sort of mulatto complexion.

....Punch thinks they had better have stuck to the name of "Leviathan" for the Great Eastern, for it seems that the shareholders are doomed to blubber.

....Since Hon. Joseph Holt wrote the President in condemnation of Fremont's proclamation, we don't hear anything of him in Abolition journals. How is this?

....An old English woman prescribes "an old horse shoe boiled in a pint of strong beer," as a new cure for the jaundice. Guess the woman prescribed *iron*-ically.

....The Richmond *Inquirer* of a late date, denies that the Nashville has left the harbor of Charleston, and that consequently Messrs. Mason and Slidell did not sail aboard of her.

....VERY DULL—our town. The young men are all gone to war, and the ladies are all singing with a sad heart, "Oh, Johnny is gone for a soldier!"

....A "special correspondent" informs us that Gen. McClellan is going down into Secessia, "Slow but shure, like a gimlet into a bored!" Certainly, that is quite a similitudinous simile!

....Artemus Ward of *Vanity Fair*, (Charles F. Brown,) will enter the field this winter as a lecturer. He has several engagements in New England. Artemus is a native of Oxford County, Maine.

....The Ohio Legislature will be overwhelmingly Union. According to old party lines, the Senate will be Republican and the House Democratic.

....The New York *Journal of Commerce* believes that there was wealth enough sacrificed by the panic in the stock and money market in that city last week to build the fortifications recommended by Mr. Seward in his circular.

....A boat expedition from the U. S. steamer Cambridge, off Beaufort, to cut out some vessels, was unsuccessful in consequence of losing the way in a dark night. Most of the boats were beached, but the men were aided by Union fishermen on shore getting them off.

....Rumors of [illegible] have been gathered in this neighborhood and some unfortunate young friends of ours have recently had several of the latter. For further particulars, call at the Confectionaries and livery stables.

....AWFULLY MIXED—matters and things in Missouri. *General Rains* not having "come down" as yet, the crops will be short next year. We presume the rebels will soon be all in market; and by late advices from there we learn that their *Price* had "gone up!"

....MISTAKEN—the persons who mistook the man Davis, who passed through a certain section of the county the other night with a stolen horse, for Jeff. Davis, the President of the "Southern Confederacy." *That* supposed hegira of Jeff. Davis was rather premature.

....Our meteorological friend, Felix Aladdin Lamppost, who once was a regular contributer to "Gruber's Hagerstown Town and Country Almanack," prognosticates as follows: The year 1861 will end on December 31st, unless the sun should not be able to run the blockade. The year 1862 will be full of events, and the corn ground, in the spring, full of cutworms. The sun will rise every morning; ditto, everybody who is able and willing to get up. The next two months will demonstrate, beyond a doubt, that "some things can be done as well as others" and other things better than others. In 1862 the State of Matrimony will secede from the Confederacy of Connubial Bliss, and an immense conflict will take place between the State of Single Blessedness and the State of Matrimony during which the "sacred soil" of the former will be successfully invaded by the latter.

THE following, from the Norwalk(O.) *Experiment*, contains the ring of pure metal:

We understand and fully appreciate the *Reflector's* twaddle about "the union of loyal and good men of all parties in Ohio for the welfare of a common country." A year ago it was equally fierce in the cause of "freedom," and delighted in taunting Democrats as "Union savers" and "slaveocrats," because, heeding the warnings of Washington and Jackson against sectional parties, they would not join in the Abolition crusade against the South and its institutions. While we are willing to support the Administration in all constitutional means to put down rebellion, we beg to be excused from occupying the same political bed with Giddings, Wade and Spalding Abolitionists—believing, as we do, that the starting point of our present national difficulties can be traced directly to the insane intermeddlings of such demagogues with the institutions of the South. Such men have long been in rebellion against a portion of the Constitution, and hence we are anxious to see their disturbing and dangerous dogmas buried in the same grave with Secessionism. To accomplish this desireable end we shall stand firmly by the Democratic party, believing, as we do, that it is the only organization possessing sufficient nationality to bring together and re-unite the country once more in fraternal bonds.

Sketch of Col. John W. Geary.

Col. J. W. Geary, of our State, who commanded the Federal troops in the fight near Harper's Ferry, has figured extensively in recent national events. He commanded the Second regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers in Mexico, and was noted for great firmness and the rigid discipline to which he subjected his men. When he first went to the war in that unfortunate republic, he was Lieut. Colonel of Roberts' regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers and at the battle of Chepultepec, where he had chief command of his regiment, was wounded, but notwithstanding led his men in the terrific battle fought at the de Belen gate just previous to the capture of the city of Mexico. For his gallantry on that occasion he was promoted to the rank of Colonel, his commission bearing date of November 34, 1847. He received special mention at Cerro Gordo. After the war, in 1848, he lived in San Francisco, of which place he was appointed Postmaster, and was afterwards elected the first Mayor of the city, holding his office for two or three terms prior to the organization of the Vigilance committe. He was afterwards Governor of Kansas under Buchanan.

Small Business.

Our readers will remmember that the printing offices of the Christain *Observer*, Philadelphia, and the *Jeffersonian*, West Chester, were taken possession of and closed up by the United States Marshal, about two months since, because, as was alleged by the persons making the information, said papers had published treasonable matter. Well, these cases came up for a hearing in the United States Court, at Philadelphia, on Monday week, when the United States District Attorney, for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, whose duty it was to prosecute the cases, came forward and *withdrew the suits*. This was a virtual acknowledgement that this wrong was committed on the information given by some persons, (probably out of personal spite,) without foundation or reason. An order was made by the Court allowing the claims of the papers for the restitution of their property. The camp who made the information ought to be made to pay all damages and costs.

A suit was instituted at Philadelphia on Friday, by Mr. Hodgson, proprietor of the Westchester *Jeffersonian*, against United States Marshal Milward and Deputies Jenkins and Schuyler for trespass *vi et armis*, who were ordered to appear before the Supreme Court in November. Wm. B. Reed and Geo. W. Biddle are the plaintiff's counsel.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Expose the Rascals.

One of the first acts of the new Legislature should be the appointment of a competent Committee of honest men to examine into the corruption of the last two Legislatures.—The public mind has been startled with the charges of peculation and fraud made against the representatives of the people, in both branches, and now, that we have an honest House of Representatives—at least we think so—that body should, upon its assembling, institute the most searching and thorough investigation, as that, if guilty, the suspected rascals may be exposed and punished according to their deserts. It is due to the taxpayers of the Commonwealth to ferret out these abuses, and the people will not be satisfied unless an expose is made.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

The absolute folly, (to call it by no worse name,) of stigmatising Democrats as "secessionists," &c., is fully apparent since the election. If the Republican papers told the truth when they thus denounced the Democracy, then there is a "secession" majority in one branch of the Legislature; and the "secessionists" have a large majority of the popular vote! Do not the Republicans now see how they encourage the rebels by falsely denouncing a majority of the people of this State as sympathisers with the latter? It is an old saying that falsehoods, like chickens, come home to roost, and in this instance we have a striking and painful example of the fact.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

WAR NEWS.

THE BATTLE OF BALL'S BLUFF.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

The Washington Republican (administration) has the following:

"We learn from undoubted authority that not more than four hundred of the Massachusetts remain alive. Almost every officer, commissioned and non-commissioned, is either killed or wounded, while the loss of arms is without parallel. In this gallant regiment there is probably not a gun left, and but two swords were saved from the scene of slaughter."

From the New York World (republican,) of yesterday, we take the following:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.

DETAILS OF THE BATTLE NEAR LEESBURG.

The details of the battle of Leesburg Heights are at last known. The casualties of the California regiment are as follows:

Killed—Col. Baker; Lieut Williams, company D.

Wounded—Lieut. Col. Wistar, wounded in the arm, safe; Captain Burrier, not badly, safe; a lieutenant, name unknown, safe; Captain Hicks, company P, safe; Captain Keeffer, company N; Lt. Hooper, company N, also prisoner; Lieut. Fiske, company L, safe; Lieut. Urie company H, safe.

Prisoners—Captain Markoe company; Lieut. Parker, company A; Lieut. Harris; Lieut. Kenney, company P; Capt. Cotter, company C; Lieut. Kern, company C.

The California regiment took over men and officers six hundred and eighty nine. The drowned are about fifty; the killed thirty; the prisoners three hundred, and the wounded one hundred and twenty-five; total—five hundred and five; safe, about one hundred and eighty-four.

[The Philadelphia Inquirer, which obtains its information from Captain Baker, a son of Col. Baker, says the regiment's loss in killed, wounded and missing, is estimated at only 200, and adds that Captain. Harvey was wounded and taken prisoner.]

Col. Cogswell, of the Tammany regiment was taken prisoner. Col. Devins swam the river. His Lieutenant colonel lost a leg; his major was safe. The loss of the other regiments is unknown.

The details are furnished by Capt. Francis G. Young, quartermaster of Baker's brigade, who fought with great bravery through out the action, and now comes to town in charge of Col. Baker's remains. Only about 1,000 of our forces crossed the river, the means of transit being nothing more than two old scows.

The engagement took place on the height above the landing, commencing at 4 o'clock P. M. and continuing till dark.

All through the day the enemy had been firing skirmishing shots. Our troops were drawn up on the edge of the hill, in a semi circular field or opening, skirted by dense woods.

The Californians, under lieutenant-Colonel Wistar' on the left, the Massachusetts Fifteenth and Twentieth on the right, and the Tammany skirmishing.

Two howitzers and two field pieces of the Second Rhode Island Battery were also hauled up the hill and effectively handled during the fight by Colonel Baker himself, aided dy Wistar, his ajutant general, Hawly, Colonel Gogswell Capt. Berriel, First California.

Only the Rhode Island officers stood by their guns, the men retreating early in the fray.

The enemy charged from the woods in all directions converging upon our force. They were bravely met; but the slaughter of our best officers and men was so terrific that the Federalists were at last obliged to retreat.

Col. Baker was killed by a horseman, who rode close to him and fired five shots from a revolver, all taking effect. The slayer was at once brought down in turn by Capt. Berriel. Finally, Col. Coggswell, just as he was taken, gave the order to retreat, and an individual rush was made down the hill to the river. Only one gun was brought away.

The scene at the river side was horrible in the extreme. The rebels came to the edge of the hill and fired down upon our retreating masses. The one boat filled and sunk, and many were forced to surrender. Many were drowned in crossing, and the rebels kept up a murderous fire on those struggling in the water.

The remnant were gathered in a dismal rain on Harrison's Island, and the carnage had ceased.

Banks has succeeded in safely ensconcing himself on the Virginia side.

ANOTHER INTERESTING STATEMENT.

The New York World has a statement from its correspondent, written from memoranda furnished by Captain Young, and said to be confirmed in all its details by Major Smith of the California regiment. We copy a portion of it, as follows:

OVER THE RIVER.

At 4 o'clock our whole force had crossed and ascended, Col. Baker and staff with the rest, and the troops were suffering somewhat from the concealed enemy's fire. Many had dropped and been carried down the hill.

We asked Colonel Baker what he thought of affairs. He said that he thought we had a good position; could fall back for shelter behind the ridge. "Yes," said we, "but what's in those woods?" He answered: "I think the enemy are concealed on our right." A private had reported that there was no force on the left, but a deep ravine hidden by the woods. We then proposed sending skirmishers to make a reconoissance on the right, and Capt. Markoe, Second Lieutenant Williams, and myself, advanced with companies A and D of the California regiment. Company A got in front on rising ground in skirmishing order, company D following in support.

The California battalion, to make the story clear, were drawn up on the left of the open field; the Massachusetts Fifteenth and Tammany on the right, and the Massachusetts Twentieth nearer the centre. Col. Coggswell took charge of the artillery. Only four guns were planted in the field, the rifled gun having been hauled up at the wrong place, and being afterwards seized by the enemy and spiked.

When our skirmishing companies had reached the edge of the woods, suddenly the enemy, hitherto concealed, rose with a yell and fired a volley; then began fighting in their usual manner; first giving a yell and volley; then loading and firing at will for a few minutes; then ceasing an equal time; then giving another yell and volley, and so on, pouring a murderous fire into our little band for the space of half an hour. The whole woods swarmed with them. They had no artillery and no cavalry. Our Rhode Islanders, except the officers, deserted their guns, but Col. Baker, Lieut. Col. Wister, Col. Coggswell and Adjutant Harvey manned the battery and fired the guns themselves, aided by Company G, First California, led by the gallant Captain Beiral.

We kept up both a musketry and cannon fire as well as we could, but half the time we could not see the enemy, and his cowardly discharges were thinning our ranks; still most of the men stood firm and acted bravely. The enemy's volleys and yells increased in loudness, and it was evident that reinforcements were pouring to his aid. At 5½ p. m. we held a council of war, and resolved to stand our ground, Gen. Baker ordering me to go for reinforcements.—By this time Coggswell was wounded—Wister had fallen. The enemy were growing more daring, rushing out of the woods, taking some prisoners and firing hotly.

Just then a rebel officer, riding a white horse, came out of the woods and and beckoned to us to come forward. Col Baker thought it was Gen. Johnson, and that the enemy would meet us in open fight. Part of our column charged, Baker cheering us on, when a tremendous onset was made by the rebels. One man rode forward, presented a revolver at Baker, and fired all its charges at him. Our gallant leader fell, and at the same moment all our lines were driven back by the overwhelming force opposed to them. But Capt. Beiral, with his company, fought his way back to Col. Baker's body, rescued it, brought it along to me, and then a general retreat commenced.

I got the colonel's body to the island before the worst of the rout, and then looking to the Virginia shore, saw such a spectacle as no tongue can describe. Our entire forces were retreating, tumbling, rolling, leaping down the steep heights; the enemy following them, murdering, and taking prisoners. Col. Devin left his command, and swam the river on horseback. Col. Coggswell, after unavailing bravery, had ordered the retreat himself, but, being wounded was taken. The one boat in the Virginia channel was speedily filled and sunk. A thousand men thronged the further bank. Muskets, coats, and everything were thrown aside, and all were desperately trying to escape. Hundreds plunged into the rapid current, and the shrieks of the drowning added to the horror of sounds and sights. The enemy kept up their fire from the cliff above. All was terror, confusion and dismay. A captain of the Fifteenth Massuchusetts at one moment charged gallantly up the hill, leading two companies, who still had their arms, against the pursuing foe.

A moment later and the same officer, perceiving the hopelessness of the situation, waved a white handkerchief, and surrendered the main body of his regiment. Other portions of the column surrendered; but the rebels kept up their fire upon those who tried to cross, and many not drowned in the river were shot in the act of swimming.

Night came on. At 8 P. M. all of our band whose fortune it was to return had landed on Harrison Island, and the fire from the Virginia heights had ceased. The rebels took all our guns but one. When I left yesterday they had shouted to us, telling us to come over and take away our dead under a flag of truce, had also mounted our own guns on the heights, and warned us to leave the Island in four hours.

BATTLE IN WESTERN VIRGINIA.

ROMNEY TAKEN AND THE REBELS ROUTED WITH HEAVY LOSS—ALL THEIR CANNON AND NUMEROUS PRISONERS TAKEN.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27—The Wheeling papers of Friday announced that General B. F. Kelley had started from Piedmont with two regiments for New Creek, and that his destination was understood to be Romney, Va., to attack the rebel army occupying that place.

Private dispatches received here this evening announce that General Kelley attacked the rebels at Romney, on Saturday morning, and after a severe battle of nearly two hours succeeded in routing them, capturing all their cannon and a large number of prisoners. The dispatches say that the Federal loss was small and the rebel loss very heavy.

OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION OF THE TAKING OF ROMNEY.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Lieutenant General Scott to day received the following dispatch from General Kelley:

Romney, Va, October 26, 1861.—SIR—In obedience to your orders I moved on this place at 12 o'clock last night, attacked the enemy at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and them drove to their outposts. After a brilliant action of two hours completely routed them, taking all their cannon and much of their camp equipage and many prisoners. Our loss is trifling, but cannot say to what extent. B. F. KELLY,

Brig. General Commanding.

THE PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS—AN ARMY OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 27.—Commissioners have been appointed by the Governor to attend to the interests of Pennsylvania volunteers around Washington, and in Kentucky, and to arrange for allotment rolls for remitting portions of their pay to their families.

It appears from official data that the State of Pennsylvania has seventy thousand men in the field, and that thirty additional regiments are organizing. A portion of them are now ready to move, and all will be in service within a month, making a grand army of over one hundred thousand men, besides leaving the material for fifty aditional regiments, if needed.

THE BATTLE NEAR LEESBURG—SOUTHERN ACCOUNT OF THEIR LOSSES.

PHILLADELPHIA, Oct. 27.—The Richmond Examiner, of the 24th inst., received here, acknowledges the loss of three hundred in the [illegible] Perry. Other accounts state the loss at nearer one thousand. An expectation of a Federal advance to Leesburg, Gen. Evans had been largely reinforced.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Wednesday last, Mr. Wm. Mortimore, of Snake Spring, was struck by a limb of a tree whilst at work on a corn-crib and instantly killed. Deceased was a highly respected young man and leaves a widow and one child to mourn his untimely loss.

THE CHEMISTRY OF MEDICINE.—Among the special delights which have so richly repaid our visit to New England was the inspection, it was our privilege to make, of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s Laboratory, at Lowell. Although we knew by hear-say, that it was large, yet we were surprised when we came into view of its real magnitude, and still more by the extent and complication of its truly immense business. The whole massive structure is in fact one vast chemical laboratory, in which the processes of this wonderful art are constantly going on. Medico-chemical science has found that the curative properties of any substance exist in some one or more of its component parts. Thus the remedial effects of opium are due solely to the morphia it contains, although this is but one-eighteenth part of its weight; the other seventeen parts are gum, extractive and inert or offensive matter. Dr. Ayer's system separates the radical properties of each substance employed and we are here shown the processes by which the *virtues* of each remedial agent are chased through the alembics until they come out completely pure at last. These concentrated, purified medical properties, or virtues, are finally combined together to produce the remedies which have made themselves a reputation for unrivalled excellence, all over the world. Not only does the Doctor disclaim all secrecy in his art and explain every process and every particular, but he maintains that this is the only process by which the people can be supplied with the best possible remedies for the treatment of disease.—The formula by which his remedies are made are published in the medical Journals and have been presented to a large part of the medical Faculty of the United States, and constantly sent by mail to such physicians as apply for them.—[Daily Chronicle, San Francisco.

To Consumptives.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a very few weeks by a very simple remedy after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge,) with directions for prepering and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the Advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg,
Kings County New York.

(3 months.)

THE MIGHTY HEALER.—Let not disease with its fangs, prey upon you, until the cold hand of death hurls you to an untimely grave. Shake off the feeling of despair and hopelessness, so liable to come upon the invalid. The plant born of the Sun we place within the reach of all. We care not what may be the specific form of the disease. The cause, the fountain of the disease itself, is impure blood, and through the different channels of the lungs, the stomach and the vitals organs, JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS will pass, mingling with the blood, search out and grasp and then expel, all hurtful person that there is in it. Thus cleanse the blood by a few doses of these Pills, and disease, in any form, will dissipate and vanish. As the Sun with its glorious beams first causes the morning dew to rise as mist, then growing stronger, casts his burning rays upon it——and behold 'tis gone——so cleanse the blood, and disease, like morning dew, retreats and vanishes. There is no blood purifier equal to JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS.——Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.—

Church Consecration.

The St. Mark's Ev. Lutheran Church, in Friend's Cove near Bowser's mill, will be consecrated, by Divine permission on the 10th of November, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. Ministers from a distance are expected. The public generally are invited to attend.

BUILDING COMMITTEE.

—MARRIED—

DEFFIBAUGH—NELSON.—On July 20, by J. B. Anderson, Esq., Mr Henry T. Deffibaugh, to Mis Lethy Jane Nelson, both of Cumb'd Valley Township.

MOCK—FEIGHT.—On August 18th, by J. B. Anderson, Esq., Mr. John Watson Mock, to Miss Sophia Feight, both of Cum'b Valley Township.

LEASURE—DEFFIBAUGH.—On Oct. 7th, by J. B. Anderson, Esq., Mr. George Leasure, to Miss Mary Ellen Deffibaugh, both of Cum'b Valley Township.

HILL—CESSNA.—On Oct. 13th, by J. B. Anderson, Esq., Mr. Aaron Hill, of West Providence, to Miss Alcinda Cessna of Cum'd Valley.

MUSGROVE—BELCH.—At Martinsburg, Oct. 15th, by Rev. D. Stock, Mr. Henry Musgrove, of Terre Haute, Ind., and Miss Nervie E. Belch, of Martinsburg, Blair Co., Pa.

BURKERT—DOBSON.—On Thursday, Oct. 24th, at the bride's father's in Milligan's Cove, by Rev. D. Strayer, Mr. John Burket to Miss Ann Rebecca Dobson.

SLEEK—SMITH.—On the Evening of the 16th inst., at the residence of the Justice, in Union Tp., by A. H. Hall Esq., Mr. Thomas Sleek, to Miss Mary Smith, both of St. Clairsville, Bedford Co., Pa.

STRAY COW.—

Came to the premises of the subscribtr, about three miles from the town of Woodberry, some time after harvest, a white cow, with red spots, with a mark on the right ear. The owner will please come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

Middle Woodberry,
Nov. 1st, 1861. JACOB KAUFFMAN, *Sr.*

OLD POSTAGE STAMPS.

Old postage stamps and envelopes will be exchanged for new ones, at the Cumberland Valley Post office, for six days from the date of this notice.—After that time, all letters with the old stamps upon them, will be sent to the dead letter Office.

DANIEL R. ANDERSON, P. M.,
Cumberland Valley, P. O., Bedford co., Pa.
November 1st, 1861.

LIST OF CAUSES—Put down for trial at November Term, 3d Monday, 18th day, 1861.

Henry Smith et al	vs.	Reuben Smith
Catharine Tricker	vs	P. W. Laurence et al
H. Flucks Ex'ors	vs	Christ Bowser
Caldwell, English & Co.	vs	John Cessna Esq
do do do	vs	O. E. Shannon Esq
J. C. McLanahan et al	vs	A. J. Snively Esq
B. Boyd et al	vs	Joseph Sellers
Artemus Bennett	vs	Wm Oss et al
John Tredwell	vs	Joseph Hollar
Elizabeth Donaldson	vs	Hezekiah Chaney
Catherine Tricker	vs	George Tricker
Som. & Bed. T. R. Co	vs	Davis & Bowles
George Cartwright	vs	John Cessna Esq
Francis D. Saupp	vs	Fletcher & Bruner
Sewell Stewart	vs	Patrick Burns
D. Washabaugh	vs	Wm. Anderson's Adm'rs et al
Daniel L. Martin	vs	John Bowser
Charles W. Colvin	vs	Wm. P. Schell et al
Adam Croyle	vs	George Beegle
Catharine Beal's use	vs	Val. B. Wertz
Jacob Keely	vs	David Patterson
Collins Dull & Co	vs	E. L. Anderson Esq
Same	vs	John Cessna Esq
Same	vs	Nicholas Lyons

Prothy's Office, Bedford, Oct. 25, '61. } S. H. TATE, Prot.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—All persons interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts, in the Register's Office, of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, on Tuesday the 18th day of November next, at the Court House, in Bedford, for confirmation:

1 The Account of Daniel Young Admr. of the estate of William Young late of Hopewell Township deceased.

2 The account of David Miller Esq., Admr. of the Estate of Melchior Fisher, late of Harrison township deceased.

3 The Account of Jacob Fisher, Guardian of Amanda Hammer, now Amanda Sleek, minor child of John Hammer deceased.

4 The Account of Martin Boor, Admr. of the Estate of Mary Ann Boor, late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased.

5 The account of William Keeffe, Admr. with the will annexed, of John Keeffe, late of Bedford tp., deceased.

Register's Office, Bedford, Oct. 25, 1861. } S. H. TATE, Register.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned, that at the next Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will ask to be discharged from their office of Executors of the last will and testament of Jacob Shartzer, dec'd.

JOHN NYCUM,
Oct. 18,—3t. JACOB SHARTZER.

CASH STORE.—The undersigned has purchased J. Reed's stock of Merchandise, and he will continue the trade at the old stand, and sell positively for ready pay only. Goods sold low for cash, or approved country produce.

Sept. 27. 1861. P. A. REED.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN TAYLOR and A. J. SNIVELY, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the third Monday of November, (being the 18th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 25th of October, in the year of our Lord, 1861.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Oct. 25th 1861. } *Sheriff.*

LIST OF GRAND JURORS,

Drawn for Nov. Term, 3d Monday (18th day) of Nov., 1861:

John Smith, Esq. Thaddeus Hoenstine, Anthony Zimmers, Joseph Dull, Esq., John Feightel, Michael Naugle, Henry Guyer, Benjamin Valentine, Robert Steckman, Asa Silver, Tobias Snider, Joseph Mitchell, David Fluck, Henry Mowry, Jr., Daniel Fletcher, John J. Potter, William Lysinger, William P. Chapman, Esq., John Ford, Hiram Davis, Amariah Wilson, Michael Hartman, William Rock, jr., Hezekiah Barkman.

PETIT JURORS.

Daniel May, David Shanks, Jeremiah Mentzer, William Keyser, Jacob Hershberger, John Byers, Jr., John Bowman, George Diehl, Peter M. Barton, Bazil Browning, John Shafer, Joseph Snowden, George Blymire, Jac. R. Brown, Abraham M. Piper, David Miller, Esq., Jacob Carshman, Samuel Nicodemus, Thomas Grove, Thomas W. Horton, Esq., Jacob Smith, Michael Shafer, William Leary, Jackson Morgart, Daniel Imler, Hugh Wilson, James C. Devore, Samuel Mixel, Samuel Carpenter, Joseph W. Tomlinson, Henry Yount, John B. Fluck, Esq., Peter Hull, Philip Felton, James J. McIlhaney, George Glossen, John Cypher, Moses McIlvaine.

Oct. 25, 1861.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa., Vend. Exponas and Levari Facias to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday the 16th day of November 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

1 One tract of land containing 84 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house with Kitchen attached, small spring house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Leonard May, John Metzgar and others. situate part in Juniata and part in Harsison townships, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Conrad G. Stube.

2. Also, the undivided two thirds parts of one lot of ground fronting on Pitt Street, in Bedford Borough, and extending back about 240 feet to the Raystown branch of the Juniata River, and numbered in the general plan of said Borough No. 195, and having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame Carpenter's shop, adjoining lot of And. Middleton on the East, and lot of Eli Rouse on the West, situate in Bedford Borough, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Martin E. Bartgis.

3. Also, one tract of land containing 105 acres, more or less, about 5 acres cleared and under fence, adjoinining lands of Simon Richey, Adam Hinish and others, situate in East Providence Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of David Richey.

4. Also, all Deft., Wm. Figard, his right title and interest in and to one tract of coal land containing 60 acres, more or less, about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a cabin house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Wood, Devereaux & Co., John N. Lane's heirs and others, situate in Broad top Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William Figard.

5. Also, one tract of land containing 300 acres, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and half log dwelling house with kitchen attached, and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Jacob Boor, Moses Dicken, Jonathan Hendrickson and others.

6. Also, one other tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less, about 12 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining the above deserib edtract, Jacob Boor. Jonathan Hendrickson and others.

7. Also, one other tract of land containing 76 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Oliver Hendrickson, Widow Brant and others, and all situate in Cumberland Valley township, Bedford county. and taken in execution as the property of Peter Smouse.

8. Also, one tract of land containing 76 acres, more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story rough cast dwelling house, spring house, and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of James O'Neal, Elias Clark, and others, situate in West Providence Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Christian Stoner.

9. Also one tract of mountain land containing 250 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of James Rollins John Cessna, Esq., and others, situate in Colerain township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Robert Somerville.

10. Also, by virtue of a special writ of execution, upon a judgment in an action of ejectment, the following described Real estate, to wit; Two lots of ground situate in the town of Woodbury, in said county of Bedford, being lots numbered "Seven" and "Eight," in the plan of said town, bounded on the North by lots of John Diltzion the South by lot of Dr. Saml. Smith, and on the East by Main street with a two story stone dwelling house, frame shop, bank barn and other outbuildings thereon erected, and taken in execution as the property of John and Patrick Burns.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Oct. 25' 61. } JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff.

GO AND C

REED'S NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS'

To be sold for cash or produce only.

P. A. REED wishes to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has bought out the Stock of his brother, JACOB REED, and in addition, is receiving from Philadelphia, an elegant New Stock of Goods bought at Panic Prices, consisting of DRY GOODS, *Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.* All of which have been bought at the Lowest Net Cash Prices, and, will be sold unprecedentedly low for Cash or Country Produce.

The undersigned determined to act upon the Principle that "a Nimble Sixpence is better than a Slow Shilling," can adopt the language of the Poet:

"Come One, Come All, this rock, shall fly,
From its firm base as soon as I,"

Oct. 25, '61. P. A. REED,

Roses.

Perpetual Bloomers, in bloom now, suitable for house and winter blooming, at LYNCH'S Nursery.

DWARF PEAR TREES at Lynch's Nursery.

GRAPE ROOTS, from 1 to 4 years old, finest kinds, at LYNCH'S.

Oct. 3, '61.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exponas, to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 2d day of Nov., 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:

1. A certain tract of land, situate in Broad Top township, Bedford county, warranted in the name of William Lane, March 16th, 1802, containing 110 acres and allowance, &c.

2. Also, one other tract of land situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining William Lane's Tract, with 15 dwelling houses, one Foundry one Machine Shop, one Saw Mill, one Colliery, one Blacksmith Shop, and other out-buildings thereon erected.

3. Also, one other tract of land situate in township and county aforesaid, adjoining Thomas Davis' tract, warranted in the name of John Chevington, April 1st 1792, containing 84½ acres, and allowance. The improvements on this tract consist of a dwelling house, with 5 acres of ground cleared and under fence.

4 Also, one other tract of land, situate in township and county aforesaid, adjoining the two last tracts above mentioned, warranted in the name of Joseph Williams, March 16th, 1802; containing 458 acres and 38 perches.

5 Also, one other tract of land, situate in Township and county aforesaid, adjoining Joseph Williams' tract, warranted in the name of Wm. Lane, August 15th, 1829; containing 168 acres and allowance.

6 Also, one other tract of land, situate in Township and county aforesaid, adjoining the William Lane tract, warranted in the name of Joseph Williams, March 14th 1807; containing 8 acres and 144 perches.

7. Also, one other tract of land situate in Township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Isaac Grove, Joseph Williams and others, warranted in the name of Mordecai Williams, August 14th, 1790; containing 140 acres and 73 perches and allowance, the above mentioned tracts of land being on the east side of the Raystown branch of the Juniata, River and containing about 1300 acres, be the same more or less, on this tract there is erected a dwelling house, and about 5 acres of ground are cleared.

8 Also, one other tract of land situate in township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Isaac Grove and others, warranted in the name of Michael Sipes, 1793; containing 100 acres, more or less.

9 Also, one other tract of land, situate on the West side of the Raystown branch of the Juniata River, in Hopewell township, county aforesaid, opposite Hopewell Iron Works, warranted in the name of Frederick Swartz, dated Dec. 24, 1786, containing 91 acres and allowance. On this tract there is an apple orchard and about 80 acres cleared and under fence.

10 Also, one other tract of land situate on both sides of Yellow Creek, including the mouth thereof, in Hopewell Township and county aforesaid, warranted in the name of James Piper, containing in all about 119 acres, the improvements on this tract consist of 5 houses one g ist mill, one barn, and 30 acres are cleared and under fence.

11 Also, all the right, title and interest of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company of in and to parts of several contiguous tracts of land, situate on Yellow Creek, Hopewell Township, county aforsaid, comprising a seat for water works, on Yellow Creek aforesaid, and an ore bank on the River Mountain, being parts of several warrants, in the name of Hannah Montgomery, Robert Montgomery, Richard Mouns, Stephen Kerr Hunter, Decker, Griffith, Swartz Forrester, and Hinish; containing 1850 acres, more or less, together with all their right, title and interest accruing, or that may accrue, to them, under Deed of William Lane to Jonathan Lesley, dated the 19th day of November, 1830; on these premises there is erected a dwelling house, and 40 acres are cleared and under fence.

12 Also, all the right, title and interest of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, to a certain tract of land, in Hopewell township, Bedford county, containing 25 acres, more or less, which Milliken and Benedict purchased by articles of agreement dated the 4th day of March, 1837, from Jacob Fluck, more fully described in agreement with Stephen Weimar dated March the 4th, 1840. On this tract there is an ore bank.

13 Also all ore, ore mines, ore leave rights and other mineral rights under the said article of agreement above mentioned, the above described property being known as the Hopewell Iron Works, embracing a water power of the Raystown Branch, with Furnace, Forge, and Sawmill thereon erected.

14 Also, all that certain tract piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the said township of Broadtop, on the books of the Raystown branch of the Juniata, adjoining lands surveyed in the name of Montgomery, and other lands of the said party of second part, containing 20 acres and 68 perches and allowance, &c., being the same tract of land which Henry V. Clause, of Broad Top township, in the county of Bedford, Pa., and Barbara, his wife, by indenture dated the 6th day of August, 1856, and Recorded in the office for Recording Deeds &c., in and for Bedford county, in Record Book A. E., page 34, the 19th day of August A. D. 1856, granted and conveyed to the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, their successors and assigns. The improvements on this tract consist of one house and stable, about 20 acres are cleared and under fence.

And all the above described property taken in Execution as the property of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, and to be sold for cash.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Oct. 18, 1861 } JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff.

LADIES, READ THIS!
NEW MILLINERY STORE.—

Mrs E. V. Mowry has just returned from the city, with a new stock of fashionable Fall and Winter goods; such as BONNETS, FLATS, RIBBONS, PLUMES, FLOWERS, RUCHES, TABS, LACES, &c., &c. VELVETS, of all colors, and VELVET RIBBON of all widths.

Corded Silks, and Silks of every variety.

Ladies' dress caps black and white.

Also, Zephyrs and Shetland Wool, of all shades.

Sewing silk of all colors. All nos. and colors of spool cotton. All cheap for cash.

Ladies, call and examine for yourselves.—Store on East Pitt st., opposite Mr. R. Fyan's

Bedford, Oct. 18 '61.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

In the matter of citation to Jacob Biddle, Trustee of Peter Biddle, to file an account of his trust, the undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, to take the evidence, find the facts, and report the same to the aforesaid Court, will sit for the purposes of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford on Tuesday, the 5th. day of November next, at 10 o'clock A.M. when and where all parties interested are notified to attend.

Oct. 25, 1861. JOHN PALMER, *Auditor.*

PROTHONOTARY'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the account of Wm. Trout, committee of Michael Boor, a lunatic, has been filed in the Paothonotary's office and the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas in and for said County, for confirmation on Tuesday, the 19th day of November next.

Prothy's Office, Bedford, Oct. 25th, 1861 } S. H. TATE, Prot.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of Administration having been granted to the Subscriber, on the estate of George Ickes, late of Bedford township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN W. ICKES, Admr.

Oct. 25, 1861. St. Clair Tp.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—

Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of R. H. Hutchison, late of Bedford township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH HUTCHISON,
JOHN W. SCOTT, Admrs.

Oct. 25, 1861,

BEDFORD COUNTY, SS.

At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford in and for the County of Bedford on the 2d day of Sept. A. D. 1861, before the Judges of the said Court,

On motion of O. E. Shannon Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Eliza Colvin late of Schellsburg Borough, deceased, to wit: Jane Schell deceased, leaving issue, Abraham C., Charlotte A., Jas. H., Margaret, Martin, and Emanuel Schell the last two of whom are minors who have for their guardian Robert M. Taylor Esq. James resides in Indiana, Abraham, Charlotte and Martin reside in Ohio, and the others in Bedford county, Charlotte intermarried with Martin Reiley, Eliza intermarried with Robert M. Taylor, Esq., William, George M., Charles W., Margaret intermarried with John M. Robison, Reuben and John E., all residing in Bedford county, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford, on the third Monday, 18th day, of November, next, to accept or refuse to take, the real estate of said Eliza Colvin, deceased, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation, issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, for that purpose directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of said Court.

(L.S.) In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court at Bedford the 18th day of Sept., A. D. 1861.

ATTEST: JOHN J. CESSNA, Sheriff. S. H. TATE, Clerk.

Oct. 11, 1861.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of Samuel Sill, late of St. Clair township, Bedford county, dec'd., having been this day granted to the subscriber residing in Bedford township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to the estate of said dec'd to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith, properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL WALTERS, Executor.

Oct. 11.

NOTICE.—

Came to the premises of the subscriber, in Harrison township, about the 1st of Sept. 1861, one red steer, about two years old, one red bull about one year old, three spotted steers, and one red heifer about one year old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

Oct. 11, 1861. V. V. WERTZ.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed to distribute the money arising from the sale of the Real Estate of Wm. May, hereby gives notice that he will, for that purpose, meet the parties interested, at his office, in Bedford, on Saturday, the 9th day of November, next, when and where all may attend.

JNO. MOWER, *Auditor.*

Oct. 25, 1861.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of Hamilton Scott, late of Bedford township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said Estate, are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement

JOHN W. SCOTT,
JOSEPH HUTCHISON, Admrs.

Oct. 25, 1861.

NOTICE—

Notice is hereby given that I intend applying to the Orphans' Court at next November Term, for a discharge as Administrator of the estate of Allen Conley, late of Napier Township, dec'd.

URIAH CONLEY.

Oct. 25, 1861.*

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was dissolved on the first day of October, inst. The accounts are in the hands of Josiah S. Deal, for collection, to whom all dues must be paid.

The line of coaches will hereafter be run by the firm of Deal and Brother.

JOSIAH S. DEAL,
Oct. 11, 1861. WILLIAM DIBERT.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Come one, come all, I wish to tell
You where the cheapest goods they sell
('Tis not less true that I have said it:)
SHOEMAKER'S is the place: "Tis well!"—
To buy for cash, or four months credit.

So when you feel inclined to buy,
Just stop at Job's your luck to try,
And if his terms will please you;
You'll find his goods are never high
And of your cash he'll "ease you."

THE POET-CLERK.

Oct. 18, '61.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Catharine Walser, by her next friend, John Geibel, *vs* Frederic Walser. } Alias Subpœna in Libel for Divorce.

The undersigned appointed Commissioner to take testimony, &c., in above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Friday, Nov. 8, 1861, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY, Commissioner.

Oct. 18, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned appointed Auditor to make distribution of balance in hands of Mary Weaverling, Executrix of Henry Weaverling dec'd., will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Thursday, Nov. 7, 1861, at which time all interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY, Auditor.

Oct. 18, '61.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

In the Matter of the application of Elias Dell, Executor of John Snowberger, dec'd. to sell or mortgage the Real Estate of said deceased, to pay debts. The undersigned appointed to take the testimony and report the facts will meet the parties interested, at his office, in Bedford, on the 11th day of November, 1861, at 1 o'clock. J. W. LINGENFELTER.

A CARD.—

Having purchased the stock of the late firm of J. M. Shoemaker & Co., and having added thereto by fresh purchases in the East, the undersigned will be happy to receive the visits of his old customers as well as of the public generally, at the old stand, No. 1, Anderson's Row. Terms cash, and four months credit.

J. M. SHOEMAKER.

Oct 18, 1861.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm and name of J. M. Shoemaker & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts will be in the hands of J. M. Shoemaker for settlement, until the first of December next, after which they will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection.

J. M. SHOEMAKER,
Oct. 18, JOSHUA SHOEMAKER.

Notice of Inquisition.

WHEREAS, Daniel Sleighter, late of Monroe Tp., Bedford County, deceased, died seized of the following Real Estate, to wit:

One Tract of Land, being the Mansion place, containing One Hundred and Eighty Acres, more or less situate in Monroe Township, Bedford County, afore, said, leaving issue ten heirs or the children of heirs to wit: Mary, intermarried with John Garlick, who died, and afterwards married with John Hall, and is now dead, leaving issue seven children, viz: Adam, Daniel, Catharine, Sarah, Barbara, Abraham and Nicholas Garlick and Washington Hall and Margaret Hall, all residing in Bedford County, except Daniel Garlick, whose residence is unknown; Nicholas Sleighter, Maria, widow of James G. McFarland, dec'd, John Sleighter, Daniel Sleighter, Louisa Ann, intermarried with Barclay Markle, Matilda, intermarried with Sol. Feight, Rachel, who was intermarried with Abraham Garlick and is now dead, leaving issue three children, to wit: Joseph, Catharine, and Peter Garlich, Joseph Sleighter, all residing in Bedford County, and Wm. Sleighter, residing in Blairs County, California.

Notice is, therefore, hereby given that in pursuance of a Writ of Partition, or Valuation, to me directed, I will proceed to hold an Inquisition, or Valuation, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 29th day of October, 1861, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, October 4, 1861. } *Sheriff.*

TO THE PEOPLE OF BEDFORD AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

T. M. LYNCH, at the Bedford Nursery, offers for sale this fall, at war prices, a general stock of fruit trees, consisting of all the choicest varieties of Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Nectarines, Quinces, and Dwarf Pear trees, of the finest kinds. Upwards of 15,000 trees are now under cultivation.

Lawton Blackberries, Raspberries, including Brinckley's Orange, Gooseberries that will not mildew. Cherry Currants, size of common cherries, Dutch Currants, Strawberries of finest kinds.—Choicest varieties of

GRAPE ROOTS, RHUBARB, ASPARAGUS, EVERGREENS, VINES AND CREEPERS.

Fifty Varieties of ROSES, Perpetual Blooming, all colors and shades.

My stock is remarkably thrifty and will be sold, for cash, much lower than traveling agents are selling at, who have to bring their stock a great distance and thereby injure them very much by exposure.

The above stock is raised in Bedford County soil and climate and can be had fresh from the ground.

All orders promptly attended to and trees sent as directed by back or otherwise.

For further information address a few lines to

T. M. LYNCH,
Oct. 4, 1861. Bedford, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Commonwealth of Penna., use of Charlotte Steckman and David Steckman, *vs.* Job O'Neal. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, No. 50 February Term, 1861. Vend. Exp., No. 4 Sept. Term, 1861. And now, Sept. 6, 1861, John P. Reed, Esq., appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the hand of the Sheriff, raised on sale of Defendant's Real Estate, by virtue of the above writ.

BY THE COURT.

THE undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 23d day of October, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend.

JOHN P. REED, *Auditor.*

Oct. 4, 1861.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in South Woodbury township, on SATURDAY, 9TH OF NOVEMBER, Next, the following described Real Estate, viz: A tract of land, adjoining David L. Replogle, on the East, David T. Miller on the North and West, and Christian Eversole on the South, containing sixty-eight acres, more or less. There is an orchard of choice fruit, and good running water upon the property—also a Dwelling House and Blacksmith Shop, thereon erected.

TERMS made known on day of sale.

DAVID T. MILLER,
Adm'r. of the Estate of Susannah Miller, dec'd.
Oct. 11, 1861.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphan's Court for Bedford County, to distribute the Assets in the hands of Wm. Gellespie, Aministrator of the Estate of Nicholas Kegg, dec'd, to and amongst creditors, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 24th day of October, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, at his office in Bedford, when and where all parties interested can appear if they see proper.

JOHN P. REED,
Oct. 4, 1861. *Auditor.*

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer the whole of the real estate of Daniel Means, deceased, for sale, on the premises, in Black Valley, Monroe Tp.,

On Friday, the 1st Day of November,

next. The real estate consists of two tracts, viz: The Mansion tract, containing about TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and having thereon erected a

SAW MILL AND BARN,

(the dwelling house having been lately burnt.) This tract contains an excellent WATER POWER—the head and tail races are already dug.

There is no better locality for a Mill or Tan Yard. Both are in demand and much needed in the neighborhood. An abundance of bark is close by and cheap.

This property is not more than 6 or 7 miles from the present terminus of Broad Top Rail Road now under contract and soon to be completed. The road is a solid ridge road, leading from the rail road to the premises. The land is good for farming purposes. But for either of the purposes suggested—a mill or tan yard—there is a rare opportunity presented for a profitable investment.

The other tract is a mountain tract, adjoining the above—is well timbered and in connection with the mansion tract is valuable. It contains about 250 acres and has a DWELLING HOUSE and SHOP thereon erected—about 40 acres cleared. About one half of the mansion tract is also cleared and the balance well timbered.

TERMS:—One third in hand at confirmation of sale, and balance in two equal annual payments with interest.

O. E. SHANNON,
Oct. 4, 1861.-4t *Administrator.*

TEACHERS WANTED.—

The Board of Directors of Bedford township School District, wish to employ Eleven Teachers, competent to take charge of the schools of said District. The Board will meet at the house of John Hafer, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, 26th of October, inst., to article with Teachers, when and where all wishing to be employed, are requested to attend, as the schools are expected to be opened about the 1st of November.

By order of the Board.

Oct. 11, JOHN BROWN. Sec'y.

BEDFORD RAIL ROAD.—
NOTICE TO STOCK SUBSCRIBERS.

All delinquent subscribers to the capital stock of the Bedford Rail Road Company, are hereby notified that they wil be released from the payment of the twelve per centum interest chargeable under the charter of the company, by making payment of the money due from them, within thirty days from the 10th day of October, 1861, or by giving their notes for the same, with interest from date.

By order of the Board,

JNO. P. REED,
Bedford, Oct 11, '61. Secy.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE
THE NEW REMEDY FOR
RHEUMATISM.

During the past year we have introduced to the notice of the medical profession of this country the Pure Crystalized Chloride of Propylamine, as a

REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM;

and having received from many sources, both from physicians of the highest standing and from patients, the

MOST FLATTERING TESTIMONIALS OF ITS REAL VALUE

in the treatment of this painful and obstinate disease, we are induced to present it to the public in a form READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with this afflicting complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable remedy.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in the

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL,

and with MARKED SUCCESS (as will appear from the published accounts in the medical journal.

☞ It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the druggists at 75 cents per bottle, and a wholesale of

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,
Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
June 28, '61 1y. Philadelphia.

FOR SALE OR TRADE!

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Log Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation.

ALSO,

166 acres near Stonerstown—within ½ mile of the Broadtop Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn—stable, &c., thereon erected; also two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO,

Two lots of ground in Broadtop City, with a new two story rough cast dwelling house thereon.

ALSO,

A house and lot of ground in Clearville.

ALSO,

Three tracts of land in Southampton Township, formerly owned by Wm. Oss, adjoining lands of Arnold Lashley, Artemas Bennet and others.

ALSO,

A grist mill in the "Dutch Corner," formerly owned by Jacob Beard—within about 5 miles of Bedford, with about 40 acres of land belonging to the same—dwelling house and out buildings thereon erected.

ALSO,

100 acres best quality of prarie—near the Missouri river close to the county seat of Harrison Co. Iowa.

ALSO,

Two one hundred and sixtry acre tracts adjoining Elkhorne City, in the richest valley of the west—the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha City, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

160 acres, two miles above Omaha City, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after personal inspection and careful examination on the ground, and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO.

Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

Lot of ground in Dacotah City, Nebraska Territory.

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind that are good will be taken in exchange—particularly good *bank notes.*

Sept. 20, 1861. O. F. SHANNON.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undedesigned appointed an auditor by the Orphan's Court of Bedford County, in the matter of a citation against Samuel Smith, Ex'er of Wm. Smith, late of Bedford Township, dec'd, requiring him to file a supplemental account and the answer of said Executor thereto, hereby gives notice that he will meet all parties in interest at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Thursday, the 14th Nov. next, at 10 o'clock A. M., to ascertain the facts, report when the legacies are to be paid, by whom to be paid, the amount to be paid and report a general distribution under the will, &c.

JOHN E. McGIRR, Auditor.

Oct. 4th.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

F. D. Beegle, use of Wolf & Co., *vs.* Frederick Shimer. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County. No. 154 May Term, 1858. Vend. Exp's. No. 80, April Term, 1861. Sept. 2d, 1861. John P. Reed appointed Auditor to distribute the funds in the Sheriff's hands raised on sale of Deft's Real Estate, by virtue of the above writ.

BY THE COURT.

THE undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at his office, in Bedford, on Monday, the 28th day of October, inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day, when and where all parties interested can attend.

JOHN P. REED, *Auditor.*

Oct. 4, 1861.

WANTED.

An experienced workman will be given liberal wages and constant employment, in a woolen manfactury, if application be made immediately.

One acquainted with all braches of the business is desired. A married man with a small afmily will be preferred. All letters inquireing for further particulars will receive prompt aOention.

itiAddress the subscriber, at Bedford, Pa.

t. 4th.* JOHN LUTZ.

WIND MILL, OR GRAIN FAN,

An excellent new Double Screen, *Warranted* "Waterloo Grain Fan." for Sale at HARTLEY'S.

Aug. 2, 1861.

JUDSON'S
Mountain Herb Pills.

ABOVE, we present you with a perfect likeness of Tezuco, a chief of a tribe of the strange Aztec Nation, that once ruled Mexico. You will find a full account of him and his people in our Pamphlets and Almanacs—to be had gratis, from the Agents for these Pills.

The Inventor and Manufacturer of "Judson's Mountain Herb Pills," has spent the greater part of his life in traveling, having visited nearly every country in the world. He spent over six years among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains and of Mexico, and it was thus that the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS" were discovered. A very interestin account of his adventures there, you will find in our Almanac and Pamphlet.

It is an established fact, that all diseases arise from

IMPURE BLOOD!

The blood is the life! and when any foreign or unhealthy matter gets mixed with it, it is at once distributed to every organ of the body. Every nerve feels the poison, and all the vital organs quickly complain. The stomach will not digest the food perfectly. The liver ceases to secrete a sufficiency of bile. The action of the heart is weakened, and so the circulation is feeble. The lungs become clogged with the poisonous matter; hence, a cough—and all from a slight impurity at the fountain-head of life—the Blood! As if you had thrown some sand, for instance, in a pure spring, from which ran a tiny rivulet, in a few minutes the whole course of the stream becomes disturbed and discolored. As quickly does impure blood fly to every part, and leave its sting behind. All the passages become obstructed, and unless the obstruction is removed, the lumped life soon dies out.

These pills not only purify the blood, but regenerate all the secretions of the body; they are, therefore, unrivalled as a

CURE FOR BILIOUS DISEASES,

Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, &c. This *Anti-Bilious* Medicine expels from the blood the hidden seeds of disease, and renders all the fluids and secretions pure and fluent, clearing and resuscitating the vital organs.

Pleasant indeed, is it to us, that we are able to place within your reach a medicine like the "MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS," that will pass directly to the afflicted parts, through the blood and fluids of the body, and cause the sufferer to brighten with the flush of beauty and health.

Judson's Pills are the Best Remedy in existence for the following Complaints:

Bowel Complaints,	*Debility,*	*Inward Weakness,*
Coughs,	*Fever and Ague,*	*Liver Complaints,*
Colds,	*Female Complaints,*	*Lowness of Spirits,*
Chest Diseases,	*Headaches,*	*Piles,*
Restlessness,	*Indigestion,*	*Stone and Gravel,*
Dyspepsia,	*Influenza,*	*Secondary Symptoms.*
Diarrhœa,	*Inflammation,*	
Dropsy,		

GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE!

Females who value health, should never be without these Pills. They purify the blood, remove obstructions of all kinds, cleanse the skin of all pimples and blotches, and bring the rich color of health to the pale cheek.

☞ The Plants and Herbs of which these Pills are made, were discovered in a very surprising way among the Tezucans, a tribe of Aborigines in Mexico. Get the Almanac of our Agent, and you will read with delight, the very interesting account it contains of the "GREAT MEDICINE" of the Aztecs.

Observe.—*The Mountain Herb Pills are put up in a Beautiful Wrapper. Each box contains 40 pills, and Retail at 25 cents per box. All genuine, have the signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., on each box.*

B. L. JUDSON & Co.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
No. 50 Leonard Street,
NEW YORK.

☞ FOR SALE BY ALL MEDICINE DEALERS. ☜

For sale by H. C. REAMER on Juliann Street, and Dr. B. F. Harry Pitt St., Bedford, Pa.

Jan. 11, 1860.-1y.

FINKLE & LYON
SEWING-MACHINE CO.,

538 *BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.*

NO person who contemplates purchasing a Sewing Machine for family or manufacturing purposes should fail to send for one of our Circulars, which contains cuts and full descriptions of the several styles, prices and samples of work, all of which we send by mail free. We claim to have the

BEST SEWING MACHINES IN THE WORLD

For either Family or Manufacturing Purposes.

And all we ask is a fair trial. Read the following:

IMPORTANT FACTS.

FACT No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed; their Machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

FACT No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch—alike on both sides—and use a little less than half as much thread and silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

FACT No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing machines in market to the frequent changes and almost endless variety of sewing required in a family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever.—Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if best adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

FACT No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing-machine in use—a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind, on a bias.

FACT No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood. The reputation of these Machines wherever used will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

FACT No. 6—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

FACT No. 7—These Machines took the Highes Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

FACT No 8.—These Machines took the Highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the Highest Premium for fine Sewing-Machine Work.

FACT No. 9.—These Machines took both the Highest Premiums at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, New York.

FACT No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally, whenever properly exhibited in competition with other first-class Sewing Machines. But we have space for only one fact more—it is the most important Fact of all

FACT No. 11.—*We warrant every Machine we sell to give better satisfaction than any other Sewing-Machine in market, or money refunded.*

☞ Send for a Circular. AGENTS WANTED.

Address,

Finkle & Lyon Sewing-Machine Co.
No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Aug. 3, '61. 1 yr.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to review and examine the Account of Alexander McGregor, Esq., one of the Executors of the last Will, &c., of John Hammers, dec'd

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, there will be sold, at public sale, at the late Mansion House of Henry Ickes, dec'd., in Union township, in said county, on WEDNESDAY, 23D DAY OF OCTOBER, next, the following Real Estate late the property of the said Henry Ickes, dec'd., to wit:

One tract of land (being the Mansion tract) situate in said township of Union, adjoining lands of Amos Edward, William Berkhimer, Adam Ickes, heirs of John McDonald, dec'd., Conrad Claycomb, and others, containing 240 acres, 148 perches, more or less, of which 120 acres are cleared, thirty acres thereof being meadow, all under fence and in a good state of cultivation, having thereon a thriving orchard of excellent fruit. The improvements are two log houses, a story and a half high, a double log barn and other out buildings. This is a fine stock farm.

ALSO.

A tract of land situate on George's creek, in St. Clair township, adjoining lands of Sam'l. Clark, Amos Edwards, Jacob Stuff, Alexander McGrigor and others, containing 167 acres and 70 perches, more or less, of which 50 acres of upland and 20 acres of meadow are cleared and under fence. There is also a good apple orchard on this tract. The improvements are a story and a half log and frame house, a double log barn and other out buildings. The woodland on this tract is well covered with excellent timber.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of the purchase money to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the lifetime of the widow, the interest to be paid her semi-annually, counting from the date of confirmation of Sale. One third of the balance to be paid at the confirmation of the Sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter without interest, to be secured by judgment bonds, or bonds and mortgage.

HENRY ICKES,
JOSEPH ICKES,
Administrators.

Sept. 20, 1861,—4t.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,

RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.

CHAS. H. GERE, A. B., Principal,
Miss A. L. BRIM, Preceptress,
Miss S. J. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.

This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics Natural sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres—in music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The Winter Term will commence on Oct., 17 1861. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, system, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of education. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.

$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.

Students prepared for the highest class in college.

For Circulars, or particulars, address
CHAS. H. GERE, A. B.,
Dec. 21, 1860. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

ALL PRIVATE FAMILIES AND HOTEL

Keepers should fully consider the value of using the CONCENTRATED LEAVEN, in connection with flour for making bread, rolls, buckwheat cakes and pastry. This compound is free from all impurities.

For sale at the Drug and Book Store of
Aug. 30. Dr. B. F. HARRY.

STRAY HEIFER.

Came to the plantation of the Subscriber, living in Juniata Township, Bedford Co., about the 15th of June, a black heifer supposed to be about two years old, a crop in the right ear, a spot in the fore-head; the owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

Sept., 6th, 1861. STEPHEN McCREARY.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters testamentary on the last will and testament of Mrs. Mary Ann Buxton, late of Southampton township, dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said dec'd., to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

FREDERICK BUXTON,
Sept. 20. Executor.

GET OUT OF DEBT. Keep out of debt.—

To "get out of debt," commence by paying Wm. Hartley what you owe him.

To "keep out of debt," buy your Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Oil, Paint, &., &c., from Hartley, for CASH. His prices are reduced to the lowest margin, he having adopted the cash and produce system.

Iron, of all kinds very low, Nails very low, by the keg. Best transparent Coal Oil, free from smell, only 20cts per qt.

Call and get a catalogue of the goods he keeps and hear his prices.

Wm Hartley takes this method of returning thanks to the public for their patronage, and particularly to those who pay promptly. All such will be avored when they request it.

If you want goods cheap for cash, call at Hartley's If you want long trust call elsewhere.

All kinds of approved produce taken in exchange for goods.

CAUTION.

Run away, on the 9th ult. from the subscriber living in Hopewell Township, Bedford county Pa., my son Solomon, aged fourteen years. He had on when he left tow linen pants, muslin shirt and straw hat. I hereby caution all persons against harboring him, for I will enforce the law against any person in whose employ he may be found after this date.

PHILIP KNISELEY.
Sept. 25th. 1861.

THE WAR COMMENCED!! TERRIBLE CONFLICT RAGING!!! THE HAMMER & ANVIL TRIUMPHANT!

The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has located in the old stand of John Claar, immediately east of John Brice's Hotel, where he is ready to do all work in his line, such as horse-shoeing, wagon-making, &c., in the best style, and at prices to suit the times. He earnestly solicits a liberal share of the patronage of all who may need work in his line.

Call and hear the "music of the anvil" and give me a trial.

WILLIAM COOK.
April 19.

TO BUILDERS.—

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford county, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

TAKE NOTICE!—

All persons are notified against tresspassing on the premises of the subscriber, either by hunting, fishing, stealing hickory-nuts, or be going through my grain fields. The law will be enforced aaainst all, without respect topersons, so offending.

Persons can gather hickory-nuts, on asking leave of thesubscriber, and giving him half that are gathered.

CHARLES SMITH.
Bedford Tp., Sept. 27, 1861.

CONFECTIONARY AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoanuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream-candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pock-et and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, penholders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
June 17, '59.—1y.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE BETWEEN CHAMBERSBURG, BEDFORD & LATROBE.

On and after Monday, August 19th, 1861, coaches leave Bedford for Chambersburg, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M., and arrive at Chambersburg, at 7 P. M., same evening. Returning, leave Chambersburg, at 7 A. M., daily, (Sundays excepted) and arrive at Bedford, 7 P. M., same evening.

Leave Bedford for Latrobe, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 A. M., making close connection with mail train for Pittsburgh and the West.

Returning, leave Latrobe, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, on the arrival of the train from Pittsburgh, at 9 30 and arrive in Bedford same evening.

RATES OF FARE.

From Bedford to Chambersburg, $3 50. From Bedford to Latrobe, $3 50.

N. B.—Passengers for Somerset and Johnstown, connect at Stoystown with J. A. Garman's Line of Mail Coaches.

A. J. REESIDE,
Aug, 23, '61 Contractor.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS AND SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

The annual examination of Teachers, will take place in the several townships as follows, to wit: in West Providence, and Bloody Run, at Bloody Run, on Oct. the 9th; in East Providence, at Householder's, on the 10th; in Monroe, at Clearville, on the 11th; in Snake Spring, at Hartley's, on the 12th; in Hopewell, at Dasher's, on the 14th; in Broad Top, at Hopewell, on the 15th; in Liberty, at Stonerstown, on the 16th; in Middle Woodberry, at Woodberry, on the 17th; in South Woodberry, at Enterprise, on the 18th, in Union, at Mowry's Mill, on the 21st; in St. Clair, at Eight Square, on the 22d; in Napier and Schellsburg, at Schellsburg, on the 23d; in Juniata, at Buena Vista, on the 24th; in Bedford township, at Bedford, on the 25th; in Londonderry, at Bridgeport, on the 28th, in Harrison, at McVicker's School House, at the foot of the Ridge, on the 29th; in Bedford Borough, on the 30th; in Cumberland Valley at Centreville, on the 31st; in Colerain, at Rainsburg, on Nov. 1st; in Southampton, at Cheneysville, on the 2d; with a lecture at night, on Common Schools.

N. B. Satisfactory evidence of good morals, and propriety of conduct, must be furnished by each Teacher; and without which, the certificate will be witheld, no matter what the other qualifications may be.

Each Teacher will be required to be examined in the township, in which he is an applicant for a School. A public examination will be held, in Bedford, on the third and fourth Saturdays (16th & 23d,) of Nov., for the special accommodation of all Teachers who may fail, to be present at the examination in their respective townships. No private examinations will be given in the mean time.

Examinations to commence at 9 o'clock A. M.

Directors and citizens are requested to be present.

GEO. SIGAFOOS,
County Superintendent.
Bedford, Sept. 6th, 1861.

NEW GROCERY.—

CORNER WEST PITT AND JULIANA STREETS.

THE subscriber is opening at this well known stand, a well selected stock of Groceries, Confectionaries, Tobacco and Cigars, consisting in part of Coffee, brown, crushed, and pulverized Sugars, refined and golden Syrup, baking Molasses, Young Hyson, Imperial and Black Tea, Chocolate, Corn Starch, flavoring extracts, Cheese, Corn Brooms, painted Buckets, Dusting, Wall, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Tooth and Hair, Brushes.

CONFECTIONARIES,

Such as plain and fancy candies, fruited candies and flavored Jellies, water, butter and sweet Crackers, foreign fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, Dates, Currants, Citrons, Filberts, Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Almonds, & Pea Nuts.

TOBACCO.

Congress Plugs, Sweet Plantation, Natural Leaf, Rough and Ready, Lynchburg Smoking, a superior article, Cut and Dry, &c.,

CIGARS.

Operas, Sixes, Half Spanish and a variety of other brands. The Public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

Picnics and May parties supplied at very reasonable prices.

All kinds of country produce taken at the highest market prices. J. B. FARQUHAR.
Bedford, April 29, 1861.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Dock & Ashcom, in the Foundry & Machine business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books of the firm are in the hands of C. W. Ashcom, who is authorized to settle the same.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM,
April 12, 1861.

N. B.—The business will be continued by C. W. Ashcom at the old stand, where all kinds of machinery will be made and repaired.

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.

The subscriber hereby offers at Private Sale, two Brick Dwelling Houses, situate in the Town of Bloody Run. Both Houses are new and in good order, the Lots are the usual size.

The subscriber occupies one of the houses and will cheerfully show both to any one who may call on him. JNO. M'ELHENNY.
June 21,—tf.

W. W. MAIR. JOHN S. DAVISON.

MAIR AND DAVISON,

Importers and Dealers in

Saddlery, Carriage and Trunk Hardware and Trimmings,

NO. 127 WOOD STREET,

Pittsburg Penn'a.

UNION HOTEL,— BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public, that he has leased the above named Hotel, in the old and well known Globe building, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, and recently in the occupancy of Jonathan Horton, dec'd., where he will be happy to see his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call.—He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquor.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

Boarders taken by the day, week month and year.

JOSEPH ALSIP.
Bedford, Nov. 30, 1860.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE-MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a Country Foundry.

☞ PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell now for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at the Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Casting of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Londerbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.
March 26, 1858.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

H. C. REAMER

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.,

In the stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware

received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonic's Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞ Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞ Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.
Dec. 16, 1859.

MENGEL HOUSE, JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.
Bedford, April 20, 1860.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

CORNER OF WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HARRY SHEELS PROPRIETOR.
April 12 1861.

CIVIL WAR!

SHOEMAKER & Co. VS. THE WORLD!

The undersigned have just received a large lot of fresh

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting, in part, of Dry Goods, such as Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Men's and Boy's wear, from the highest in price to the lowest, Ladies' Dress Goods, Calicoes, of which their stock is particularly fine, Muslins, Linens, &c., &c. Also,

GROCERIES

of every description, such as Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices of all sorts, and everything generally kept in a grocery store. They have also a large assortment of cheap and excelient

QUEENSWARE

which needs only to be seen to be appreciated.—Thankful for past favors, they respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & Co.
May the 10th, '61.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. SIR: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

B. F. Harry, Bedford; Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; J. Breneman, Woodberry; Geo. Gardill, West End; J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg; and by dealers generally.
Oct. 12, 1860.

BEDFORD HOTEL— AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to renthr comfortable all who give him a call. The tyuse will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants wil be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞ Boarders taken by the week, month, or year on favorable terms.

☞ Ample and comfortable stabling is attached de this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAFER,
Aug. 1, 1860. Proprietor.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

ROCK POWDER—

Just received and for sale by
March 22. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

PIANO FORTES.

PIANO FORTES.

PIANO FORTES.

PIANO FORTES.

REDUCTION REDUCED.

The Best Piano Fortes, at the greatest reduction, ever made in price for cash.

IMPROVE THE PRESENT OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE, AND BUY THE BEST, FOR THE CASH AMOUNT OF MONEY.

You never again will get so large a discount for your cash.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS' PATENT INSULATED FULL IRON FRAME NEW SCALE, GRAND, AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES.

THE INSULATED FRAME preserves the original tone of the instrument in all its purity, securing it for all time against that most disagreeable nequality of tone invariably found in all other Iron Frame Piano Fortes. It greatly strengthens the case, and thus keeps the Piano Forte much longer in tune. It gives the instrument a much fuller, richer, and sweeter tone. It adapts the Piano to al climates, and to all changes of atmosphere, and in all respects it is pronounced by our best "artistes' he greatest improvement of the age in Piano Forte construction; producing an instrument acknowledged to be superior to all others made in this country or Europe.

A few testimonials from some of the most eminent Pianists and Musician in the world, in regard to the Superiority of our New Scale Patent Insulated Piano Fortes.

"I have examined the Piano Fortes of Lighte & Bradbury's with entire satisfaction. I know not that there are any others better, either in our own country or elsewhere.

"DR. LOWELL MASON."

"In clearness, richness, and volume of tone, delicacy, elasticity of touch, and fine repeating action, I have never played upon their equal.

"H. A. WOLLENHAUPT.."

"In volume, richness, evenness and purity of tone, and in delicacy of touch, they certainly excel, and in that beautiful singing quality so desirable, yet so seldom found.

WILLIAM MASON."

"I have never played upon so rich and heavy a tone Square Piano Forte.

"ARTHUR NAPOLEON."

"I am astonished and delighted with the New Scale Iron Frame Piano Fortes made by you. There must be a splendid future for Lighte & Bradbury's Piano Fortes.

"GEO. F. ROOT."

"I have never played upon so fine an instrument.

"GEO. F. BRISTOW."

"I consider them as to beauty, richness, fullness, and equality of tone, as well as their agreeable, elastic touch, equal, if not superior, to any Pianos made in this country or Europe

KARL WELS."

"They have all the requirements for a superior interpretation of both classical and modern compositions.

"MAURICE STRAKOSH."

"It affords me pleasure to add my testimony of the many artistes who speak in the highest terms to the superior excellence of your New Scale Patent Insulated Iron Frame Piano Fortes, and I must say that your New Scale very far surpasses all your former efforts, producing an instrument far superior in all the excellencies that constitute a perfect Piano Forte, to any with which I am acquainted.

"THEO. EISFELD."

"Having examined your New Scale Iron Frame Pianos, we must express our delight and pleasure at their superior excellence. For their peculiar rich volume of tone, fine elastic touch, and in all the requisites necessary for perfection in the instrument, we must say, in all our experience, we have seen nothing to compare with them, and we can most cordially recommend them to our friends and the public

"CHAS. FRADEL."
"CARL BERGMAN."

"I tke much pleasure in giving my testimony in favor of the beautiful Pianos which I have recently seen made by your firm. In power, quantity, and equality of tone, they certainly excel; while for that peculiarly rich, singing tone, that is so invaluable as an accompaniment to the voice, sustaining and blending with it, I have rarely met with theire qual.

"C. BASSINI."

"It is with pleasure I give my testimony to the excellence of your Pianos in general, and especially to the admirable new invention of Mr. Lighte, ny improvement which I regard as the most important yet made in the manufacture of first-class instruments.

"LOUIS ERNST."

"I take pleasure in stating my favorable opinion of your New Scale Iron Frame Piano Fortes. Among many superior Piano Fortes manufactured in New York, they certainly must rank second to none of them for strength, purity, and richness of tone, together with extraordinary vibratory qualities. I have also had frequent opportunities, in the schools, during the past four years, to notice the durability of your instruments, and this under severe and unremitted trials.

"GEO. H. CURTIS."

"The high reputation which they have obtained for their fine brilliant tone, pleasant touch and power, have given them the preference over those of all other manufactures, in the Public Schools of New York, in which over one hundred are now in daily use, some twelve or fifteen of which are in departments where I have had the pleasure of teaching, and where I have used them for the last five years.

"MARCUS COLBURN."

"Being pleased with your steady progress in improving the quality of your Pianos, I cannot refrain from saying to you, after some fourteen years knowledge of them, that the New Scale with Iron Frame, which I have seen, I think the best Piano I ever saw. I say this after having purchased over two hundred of your Piano Fortes.

"F. H. NASH."

Our Square Pianos range in price from $250 to $600.
Our Grand Pianos " " " " " $800 upwards.

All our Pianos are WARRANTED, *without limit as to time.*

Send for a circular, which contains *complete* price list and *descriptions,* and hundreds of references to persons in every section of the country, who have purchased our Pianos.

Address
LIGHTE & BRADBURYS,
No. 421 BROOME STREET,
NEW YORK.
May 10th '61. 1y.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage acceptable. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 S. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.
May 31st, '61

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations in Dental Surgery. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL

REED, RUPP AND SCHELL, BNDERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections mad and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		"

CESSNA & SHANNON—

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞ Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN PALMER, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

BEDFORD, PENN'A.,

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Julianna Street, (nearly opposite the Mengel House.

[april 19 '60.]

J. E. McGIRR, *ATTORNEY AT LAW,*

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

Office on JULIANNA STREET, same as occupied by WILLIAM M. HALL, Esq.

[april 19,'61.]

JOHN BORDER

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.
May 21.'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.—tf.

MANN & SPANG—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞ Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. JOB MANN
Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞ Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

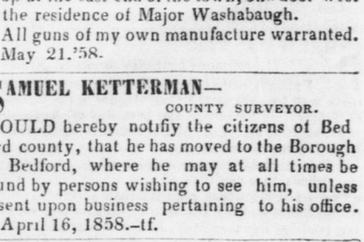
Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius
Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞ Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

H. L. GODBOLD, TUNER & REPAIRER.



of Pianos, Melodeons &c., has made arrangements to visit this place regularly at stated periods. The next visit will be in October. Yearly contracts made. Price for tuning $2.00. First class pianos for sale. Orders to be left at the "Gazette" office. H. L. G. has permission to refer to the following persons for whom he has tuned:

Hon. A. King, Hon. S. L. Russell, John Mower, Esq., O. E. Shannon, Esq., Dr. W. H. Watson, Rev. S. Barnes, Mrs. Freytet.
June 29,'60.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, *BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*

BOARD REDUCED TO $2 PER DAY.

Since the opening of this vast and commodious Hotel, in 1854, it has been the single endeavor of the proprietors to make it the most sumptuous, convenient and comfortable home for the citizen and stranger on this side the Atlantic.

And whatever has seemed likely to administer to the comfort of its guests they have endeavored, without regard to cost, to provide, and to combine all the elements of individual and social enjoyment which modern art has invented, and modern taste approved; and the patronage which it has commanded during the past six years is a gratifying proof that their efforts have been appreciated.

To meet the exigencies of the times, when all are required to practice the most rigid economy, the undersigned.

HAVE REDUCED THE PRICE OF BOARD TO TWO DOLLARS PER DAY,

at the same time abating none of the luxuries with which their table has hitherto been supplied.

TREADWELL, WHITCOMB & CO.
Sept. 13th, '61. 3m.

BLAIR COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY.

FALL TERM COMMENCING AUG. 12TH '61.

DAILY instruction given in the Theory and Practice of Teaching.